

YEAR 7 HISTORY PROGRESS MAP

TOPIC	SUBSTANTIVE CONTENT	ASSESSMENT	KEY VOCABULARY	REVISED SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS
1 <u>High Middle Ages- Medieval England 1066-1100</u>	1. Chronology and what is History? 2. What was England like in 1066? 3. Why was there a fight for the throne in 1066 and why did William win? (Spoilers!) 4. How did William establish an absolute monarchy? 5. Why was the Church so important? 6. What was life like in a medieval village/ town? 7. Were medieval women considered weak? 8. How was Crime dealt with in medieval England? 9. How were the sick treated in medieval England? Why was the Black Death so terrifying?	CAUSATION: Why did William of Normandy win the Battle of Hastings? Harold's Mistakes? William's skill? Essay type question/ extended writing -Students provided with a writing frame/ key words etc increased support for SEN provided	Chronology Monarch Heir Succession Crisis Anglo Saxon Normans Invasion Battle Claimants to Throne Earldom Earl/ Baron Knight Housecarl Fyrd Peasant Feudal System Catholic Church Pope Black Death Four Humours Hue and Cry Stocks Pillory Hanged, Drawn and Quartered	☞ Chronology ☞ Change and Continuity ☞ Causation ☞ Description ☞ Explanation ☞ Analysis and Explanation ☞ Comparison ☞ Similarity/ Difference ☞ Interpretations ☞ Monarchy/ Absolute Monarchy ☞ Succession Crisis ☞ Earldom ☞ Feudalism ☞ Primogeniture ☞ Power and Authority ☞ Control ☞ Hierarchy ☞ Autocracy ☞ Rebellion ☞ Heresy
2 <u>High- Late Middle Ages- Changing Power of the King 1100-1500</u> – challenges to the authority of the crown	1. Why did Henry II humiliate himself in public? 2. Why did King John's Barons attack his authority? 3. Did John really weaken the power of the King? 4. How powerful were medieval female rulers? 5. How did the power of the King decline from 1100AD- 1500AD?	CHANGE and CONTINUITY: Explain the impact of the Black Death? (Long and Short Term) Extended writing- non essay	Peasant Baron Heir Succession Rivals Feudal System Catholic Church Pope Rebellion/ Revolt Magna Carta Parliament Rights Restrictions Power of King Divine Right	☞ Chronology ☞ Change and Continuity ☞ Causation ☞ Description ☞ Explanation ☞ Analysis and Explanation ☞ Similarity/ Difference ☞ Monarchy/ Absolute Monarchy ☞ Succession Crisis ☞ Earldom ☞ Feudalism ☞ Primogeniture

				⌘ Power and Authority ⌘ Control ⌘ Hierarchy ⌘ Autocracy ⌘ Rebellion ⌘ Papacy ⌘ Heresy ⌘ Parliament ⌘ Rights ⌘ Primogeniture
<u>3</u> <u>The Mali Empire</u>	1. What does the term empire mean? 2. Why was West Africa important? 3. Was Mansa Musa the richest man in history? 4. Why was the trans-Saharan trade so important to Mali? 5. How important was Islam to the Mali Empire? 6. Why did the Mali Empire eventually decline?	Interpretations and Sources African/Europeans/Arab accounts of Mali and Mansa Musa	Mali Empire Mansa Musa Sundiata Keita Timbuktu Gao Niani Mali Songhai Islam Mosque Pilgrimage/Hajj Mecca Trans-Saharan Gold Salt Trade Oral tradition Scholar Manuscripts	⌘ Chronology ⌘ Causation ⌘ Interpretations ⌘ Description ⌘ Explanation ⌘ Analysis and Explanation ⌘ Similarity/ Difference ⌘ Empire ⌘ Power and authority ⌘ Control ⌘ Hierarchy ⌘ Primogeniture ⌘ Religion ⌘ Slavery ⌘ Culture ⌘ Education and scholarship ⌘ Decline and collapse

4 <u>The Tudor Monarchs and the Reformation</u>	1. Why did the crown change hands? 2. Why did the Lanastrians defeat the Yorkists at Bosworth 3. What problems did Henry VII face and how did he solve them? 4. What problems did Henry VIII have? 5. Was Henry a tyrant or renaissance Prince? 6. How did Edward VI change the Church and why? 7. Was Mary really so bloody? 8. What were Elizabeth's problems and how did she solve them ? 9. Why didn't Elizabeth marry? 10. What were the consequences of this decision?	What were the consequences of Elizabeth's failure to marry?	Peasant Baron Heir Succession Crisis Rivals Feudal System Catholic Church Pope Rebellion/ Revolt Magna Carta Parliament Rights Restrictions Power of King Divine Right House of York House of Lancaster House of Tudor	⌘ Chronology ⌘ Monarchy/ Absolute Monarchy ⌘ Succession Crisis ⌘ Earldom ⌘ Feudalism ⌘ Primogeniture ⌘ Power and Authority ⌘ Control ⌘ Hierarchy ⌘ Autocracy ⌘ Rebellion ⌘ Papacy ⌘ Heresy ⌘ Parliament ⌘ Rights ⌘ Primogeniture ⌘ Catholicism ⌘ Protestantism ⌘ Reformation
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